

Victorian Certificate of Education 2017

| SUPERVISOR TO ATTACH PROCESSING LABEL HERE |
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| | | | | | Letter |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|--------|
| STUDENT NUMBER | | | | | |

VCE VET SPORT AND RECREATION

Written examination

Wednesday 8 November 2017

Reading time: 11.45 am to 12.00 noon (15 minutes)
Writing time: 12.00 noon to 1.30 pm (1 hour 30 minutes)

QUESTION AND ANSWER BOOK

Structure of book

| Number of questions | Number of questions to be answered | Number of marks |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 9 | 9 | 100 |

- Students are permitted to bring into the examination room: pens, pencils, highlighters, erasers, sharpeners and rulers.
- Students are NOT permitted to bring into the examination room: blank sheets of paper and/or correction fluid/tape.
- No calculator is allowed in this examination.

Materials supplied

• Question and answer book of 17 pages

Instructions

- Write your **student number** in the space provided above on this page.
- All written responses must be in English.

Students are NOT permitted to bring mobile phones and/or any other unauthorised electronic devices into the examination room.

Instructions

Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

Question 1 (4 marks)

A coach has been hired to train prep students (four to five years old) at a local primary school. He is to coach the students to develop their fundamental motor skills, with a specific focus on technique.

Fundamental motor skills are the basic movement patterns that children must learn to perform before they can participate in a sporting or recreational activity. These basic movement patterns can be broken down into simple skills.

The primary school provides the coach with a table listing these fundamental motor skills. The table also indicates the year level at which the school expects the skills to be introduced and mastered.

| Fundamental motor skill | Prep | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|
| catch | introduced | | mastered | | | |
| kick | introduced | | | mastered | | |
| run | introduced | | mastered | | | |
| vertical jump | introduced | | mastered | | | |
| overhand throw | | introduced | | | mastered | |
| ball bounce | | introduced | | mastered | | |
| leap | | introduced | | mastered | | |
| dodge | | introduced | | mastered | | |
| punt | | | introduced | | mastered | |
| forehand strike | | | introduced | | | mastered |
| two-hand side-arm strike | | | introduced | | | mastered |

Source: Fundamental Motor Skills: A manual for classroom teachers, Community Information Service,
Department of Education, Victoria, 1996, p. 5; © State of Victoria

| a. | What fundamental motor skills will the coach be expected to introduce to prep students? | 1 mark |
|----|--|--------|
| b. | By which year level does the school expect that all of the 11 fundamental motor skills will be introduced? | 1 mark |

- **c.** The use of an outdoor basketball court to teach some fundamental motor skills to students of primary school age has some potential risks. These risks are:
 - the children could be hurt if they fall on the concrete court
 - the court is subject to inclement weather
 - there may be a greater chance of being injured by wildlife or insects.

| Describe an appropriate strategy that the coach could use to educate prep students on the risks listed above. | 2 marks |
|---|---------|
| | |
| | |
| | |

Question 2 (16 marks)

b.

c.

A community centre has asked a recreation instructor to plan, promote, implement and evaluate a 'get active' beginners' program for young mothers that is to include a wide range of participants. In order to plan a successful program, the recreation instructor needs to gather information about the potential participants, including clarifying participant preferences, needs and expectations.

| a. | In the table provided below, give two examples of a reasonable preference and two examples |
|----|--|
| | of a need of the potential participants. |

| | Examples | |
|---|--|---------|
| Preferences | 1. | |
| | 2. | |
| Needs | 1. | |
| | 2. | |
| - | entre has asked that stakeholders be involved in the process of developing ups and cool-downs for the program. | I |
| Other than a partic planning of the pro | ipant, identify two stakeholders who should be consulted about the ogram. | 2 marks |
| It will be necessar | y to promote the program to encourage young mothers to participate. | _ |
| Outline one advan | tage and one disadvantage of using a formal presentation, rather than an otional method for the program. | 2 marks |
| Advantage | | _ |
| Disadvantage | | _ |

| su | ggest another question that should be included | ersonal details (name, contact details and age), ded on the registration form to help establish if it |
|-----|--|--|
| SS | safe for a young mother to participate. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 00 | | dentify two other health professionals that a ach, state a medical condition/injury for which participation. |
| | Health professional | Medical condition/injury |
| | l. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| - 2 | 2. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Th | e first session starts at 6 am. At this time of | f the morning, most of the participants' arousal |
| lev | vels can be low and some participants are li | kely to still be sleepy. |
| Gi | ve one way of increasing the arousal levels | of the participants at the start of this session. |
| | | |
| | | |
| ses | | s that need to be considered when designing design the activities based on the time taken |
| | plain why this approach is best suited to a gd ability levels. | group of participants with a wide range of fitness |
| an | | |

Question 3 (20 marks)

Sam has been appointed as head coach of an under-17 local sports team.

In order to run successful sessions, Sam needs to identify and access sources of information to plan and conduct a program for the sports team.

| | need to effectively plan the program. | 3 m |
|------|--|------|
| 1 | | |
| 2 | | |
| | | |
| | dren under the age of 18 will be participating in the program. | |
| | uming Sam is over the age of 18, what legislative Act does Sam need to comply with when king with children under the age of 18 and how would he do this? | 2 n |
| | v to comply | |
| As a | a coach, it is Sam's responsibility to understand the structure and function of the NCAS the relevant member protection policy. | |
| i. | What does NCAS stand for? | 1 |
| ii. | Who must have a member protection policy and why? | 2 r |
| 11. | who must have a member protection policy and why: | ∠ II |
| | | |
| | | |

d. A key part of planning the sessions for a training program is ensuring that there are enough resources available.

In the table below, identify the resource category to which each example of a resource belongs.

2 marks

| Example | Resource category |
|--|-------------------|
| having enough assistant coaches and support staff | |
| ensuring there are enough funds to run the program | |

e. As a coach, it is important that Sam understands the difference between game-centred and technique-centred approaches to coaching.

In the table below:

- describe each approach
- list a benefit of each approach
- give an appropriate drill that could be used for each approach.

| | Game-centred approach | Technique-centred approach |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Description | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Benefit | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Appropriate | | |
| drill | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | <u> </u> |

| San | n has just conducted a hard and demanding session that focused on the participants' legs. | |
|-----|--|---------|
| i. | Name two benefits of a cool-down for the members of the sports team who participated in this training session. | 2 marks |
| | 1. | |
| | 2 | |

ii. In the table below, outline a suitable active cool-down activity and a suitable passive cool-down activity to incorporate as part of the training session.

2 marks

| Active cool-down activity | Passive cool-down activity |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Question 4 (11 marks)

Gerry has completed a risk assessment for a planned bushwalking activity.

a. The table below includes the risks that have been identified and the existing controls to reduce these risks.

Complete the table by identifying a factor that might impede the implementation of each existing control.

| Identified risk | Existing control | Factor impeding implementation | |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Participants become separated from the group and/or become lost. | Staff will brief the participants on the need to stay together. | | |
| A student or staff member falls on steep or rocky terrain. | Staff will consider the participants' experience levels and adjust the activity accordingly. | | |
| A tree branch or tree falls on a student or staff member. | Staff will conduct a survey of the track prior to the walk. | | |

| Suggest two roles or respo | |
|--|---|
| | nsibilities that could be assigned to the participants. |
| 1 | |
| | |
| | |
| 2 | |
| | |
| | off member slips and sustains a deep laceration. As this is a mediately reported to the work health and safety (WHS) regulator |
| | tate the maximum length of time Gerry has before he is required to n to the regulator if requested. |
| will take place in the car p Describe one static stretch | down for the participants at the end of the bushwalk. The session ark and will involve stretches. Gerry could use for the gastrocnemius muscle and include the |
| following in your response |); ; |
| 4 1 1 1 1 | |
| vewering period | Trenetitions |
| | l repetitions |
| • 1 | l repetitions |
| • 1 | l repetitions |
| • 1 | d repetitions |

Question 5 (6 marks)

Ash is the coach of a junior sports team. One of the parents of a player in his team approaches Ash and complains that he seems to be always giving game time to players who are still learning the game. Ash explains that the aim is to keep players involved in the sport as long as possible and not to expect to win all the time.

| Identify the ethical responsibility that Ash has to ensure fair participation for all players. | 1 m |
|---|------|
| The hierarchy of control offers a variety of options for managing and controlling hazards and risks. When coaching in the gym, Ash notices a small puddle on the floor near where his team is training. | |
| Explain, using the hierarchy of control, what Ash should do to manage and control this hazard. | 3 ma |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Throughout his experience in coaching, Ash has found it important to delegate responsibility and accountability to group members. | |
| Using an example from a sport or an activity of your choice, explain how Ash might do this. | 2 m |
| Sport or activity | |
| Explanation | |
| | |
| | |

Question 6 (9 marks)

The Get Onboard Fitness gym has had two members suffer injuries in the last three weeks. Both members were injured after falling off a moving treadmill. Both members were using their mobile phones while using the treadmill.

The gym has decided to introduce and enforce a new 'no mobile phone or electronic handheld device' policy. As of next Monday, members will not be allowed to use any of the gym's equipment while operating any such devices.

| | able methods that could be used to promote the new policy to gym members and each could be implemented. | 4 |
|---------------|--|---|
| l | | - |
| | | - |
| | | - |
| | | - |
| | | - |
| | challenge that may be faced when trying to implement and enforce this type of | - |
| dentify one f | challenge that may be faced when trying to implement and enforce this type of formal method and one informal method of evaluating the policy. | |
| dentify one f | challenge that may be faced when trying to implement and enforce this type of | - |

Question 7 (12 marks)

Jessie has been employed by an adventure activities organisation that specialises in whitewater rafting. During the whitewater rafting sessions, different demographics of people come together to perform the activity over a full day.

a. Identify the stage of group development that a group goes through during its whitewater rafting session in each of the situations given in the table below.

| Situation | Stage of group development |
|--|----------------------------|
| The group is rafting together all afternoon. | |
| The group comes together at the beginning of the session to meet the instructor. | |
| The group identifies the roles of all participants for the session, such as which participant will go on which raft. | |
| The group finishes its activity and everyone goes their separate ways. | |

b. Below is a risk assessment matrix relating to equipment.

| | Likelihood | Consequence | | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------|---------|----------|--------------|---------|
| | | Insignificant | Minor (| Moderate | Major | Severe |
| | almost certain | medium | high | extreme | extreme | extreme |
| | likely | medium | medium | high | extreme | extreme |
| (| possible | low | medium | medium | high | extreme |
| | unlikely | low | low | medium | medium | high |
| | rare | low | low | low | medium | medium |

Source: 'OHS Risk Management Procedure', Department of Education and Early Childhood Development, July 2011, p. 6

| | implement in order to reduce the risk rating of the equipment. Justify your answer. |
|-----|--|
| i. | What would be the risk rating on the matrix following the implementation of the risk control option identified in part b.i. ? |
| ii. | Following the implementation of the risk control option identified in part b.i. , what would the remaining risk be referred to as? |
| The | use of helmets and personal flotation devices is an example of which risk control option? |
| | ie is required to contribute to producing educational materials to promote safe strategies n rafting. Jessie must plan her program according to the needs of the target group. |
| | two specific needs of the group that Jessie would have to consider when developing cational materials. |
| 1 | |
| 2 | |

Question 8 (13 marks)

The manager of a large retirement village has employed a recreation officer to conduct weekly recreation sessions that will encourage residents to become more active and provide opportunities for residents to socialise with one another. The recreation officer will conduct some of the following recreational sessions on a weekly basis:

- aqua aerobics
- bocce (an Italian game similar to lawn bowls)
- games sessions where residents play dominoes, Trivial Pursuit, Scrabble and Monopoly
- croquet
- painting, drawing and crafts

Last week, during a bocce session on the front lawn, a resident tripped and fractured their wrist while trying to break their fall.

Following this incident, the manager has decided to order a full WHS audit of the recreation sessions being conducted.

As part of this audit, the recreation officer will need to participate in hazard identification, risk assessment, and developing, selecting and implementing WHS risk controls.

| a. | Identify one internal and one external method that could be used to identify hazards in the workplace. | 2 marks |
|----|--|---------|
| | Internal | - |
| | External | - |
| b. | Other than the <i>Occupational Health and Safety Act 2007</i> (Vic), identify a regulation or policy that workplaces in Victoria must ensure they comply with. | 1 mark |
| c. | Consultation is the process of formally discussing an issue to seek advice and to help make informed decisions. | - |
| | Outline two benefits for an organisation of consulting workers when it comes to hazard identification. | 2 marks |
| | 1 | - |
| | 2 | - |
| | | |

| a. | Suggest two ways in which workers could be encouraged to participate in WHS consultation. | 2 marks |
|----|---|---------|
| | 1 | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | 2 | |
| | | |
| | | |

e. As a result of the WHS audit, a number of hazards were identified.

For each of the hazards in the table below, suggest a suitable risk control option using the hierarchy of control, which could be used to reduce and/or eliminate the hazard. Provide an example of how the risk control option could be implemented. You may use each risk control option only once.

| Hazard | Risk control option (hierarchy of control) | Example |
|---|--|---------|
| getting a leg cramp in the water during aqua aerobics, which could cause a resident to drown | | |
| being accidentally hit by a wooden croquet stick | | |
| sustaining a paper cut from the score card used for Scrabble | | |

Question 9 (9 marks)

The program supervisor for a 'Put down your phone and get active' school holiday sport and recreation program is responsible for a team of eight sport-specific coaches. The coaches will be running drills, games and activities for more than 200 school-aged children during the next September school holiday period.

It is important that the coaches work effectively as a group so that their approach to the program is collaborative and the program is inclusive, fun and enjoyable for all children involved.

| Suggest why this would be an appropriate activity. | 1 ma |
|--|------|
| | - |
| A group performance plan is created to ensure that the coaches meet the needs of the children and the expected outcomes of the school holiday program. | |
| Apart from the logistics, what are two performance-based components that could be included and documented as part of the group performance plan? | 2 ma |
| 1 | - |
| 2 | |
| How could task allocation assist a group in facilitating optimal outcomes? | 2 ma |

d.

| On the second day of the program, the netball coach is observed yelling at a child to 'run faster and work harder' in an aggressive tone. | |
|--|---------|
| Identify and comment on the appropriateness of this coaching style for the school holiday program. Suggest a more appropriate coaching style and explain why this coaching style would be more suitable. | 4 marks |
| | _ |
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| | _ |
| | _ |
| | _ |