

VCAA Statistical Report

February 2015

Special Provision – VCE external assessments, 2009–2014

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Titles

VCAA Statistical Report, February 2015 Special Provision – VCE external assessments, 2009–2014

Introduction

This report provides statistical information on Special Provision related to VCE external assessments for the period from 2009 to 2014. This includes information on applications for Special Examination Arrangements (SEAs) and Derived Examination Score (DES). The statistics for SEAs exclude students with three examinations timetabled on one day. The statistics for DES are based on individual applications and exclude cases where a DES was approved due to either three examinations timetabled on one day or examination irregularities¹.

The statistical information presented in this report is based on snapshots taken from the VCAA Assessment Processing System (APS). Figures extracted from snapshots provide more comparable statistical information over time. The 2014 figures are based on a snapshot as at 15 January 2015.

Publisher

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¹ Examination Irregularities are events which materially interrupt and adversely impact a student's performance in an examination and which are outside the student's control.

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Executive Summary

Overview of Special Provision related to VCE external assessments

- A high proportion of students that apply for Special Examination Arrangements (SEAs) have their applications approved.
- A high proportion of students that apply for a Derived Examination Score (DES) have their applications approved.

Special Examination Arrangements - Student Applications and Approvals (see page 9)

- The overall number of students that applied for SEAs has been steadily increasing. In 2014, there were 3,724 students that applied for SEAs, an increase of 35.9% from 2,741 in 2009.
- The overall number of students with approved SEAs has been steadily increasing. In 2014, there were 3,596 students with approved SEAs, an increase of 42.5% from 2,523 in 2009.
- From the students that applied for SEAs, a high proportion of the applications were approved. The overall proportion of applications approved has been steadily increasing. In 2014, the overall proportion of applications approved was 96.6%, an increase of 4.6 percentage points from 2009.

Breakdown on Special Provision categories for SEA Applications (see page 12)

- The most common categories of approved SEAs are Significant Health Impairment followed by Emergency Applications².
- The proportion of approved SEAs for Significant Health Impairment has grown from 36% in 2009 to 58% in 2014.
- The proportion of approved SEAs for Emergency Applications was 25% in 2014.

Derived Examination Score – Applications, Approvals and DES Used (see page 14)

- From 2009–2014, there was a peak in the number of applications for a DES of 4,856 in 2010, however after 2011 the number of applications has started to decline. In 2014, there were 3,717 applications for a DES.
- The number of applications approved for a DES has remained relatively stable from 2009–2012. In 2014, there were 2,782 (74.8%) approvals for a DES.
- For approved applications, the number where the DES was used has remained relatively stable from 2009–2012. In 2014, from the 2,782 applications that were approved, the DES was used in 2,063 (74.2%) of these.

² Special Examination Arrangements for a student experiencing a sudden illness or accident around the examination period.

Breakdown on Special Provision categories for DES Applications (see page 18)

- The most common categories³ of applications for a DES are acute illness/circumstances and chronic illness/circumstances, which combined accounted for 71.6% of all applications in 2014.
- The highest proportion of approved applications is in the death category (family member/close friend before or during exams). In 2014, there were 94.4% approved applications.
- In 2014, for approved applications, the highest proportion of approvals where the DES was used was in the psychological (81.8%) and chronic illness/circumstances (81.0%) categories.

³ Please refer to Section 5, Table 6 for further details on the specific DES categories (eg, acute illness/circumstances).

Section 1: Overview of Special Provision related to VCE external assessments

This section provides background information on Special Provision related specifically to VCE external assessments.

Background

The VCAA Special Provision policy aims to provide students in defined circumstances with the opportunity to participate in and complete their secondary level studies.

The underlying principle of the VCAA Special Provision policy is to ensure that the most appropriate, fair and reasonable arrangements and options are available for students to demonstrate their capabilities if their learning and assessment programs are affected by illness, impairment or personal circumstances.

Special Provision should provide equivalent, alternative arrangements for students but not confer an advantage to any student over other students.

There are two types of Special Provision available to students completing VCE external assessments:

- Special Examination Arrangements (SEAs)
- Derived Examination Score (DES).

The VCAA is responsible for determining eligibility and for granting approval for both SEAs and DES application processes.

This report provides statistical information on the SEAs and DES application processes.

Section 2: Overview of the Special Examination Arrangements Application Process

This section provides background information on the Special Examination Arrangements (SEAs) application process.

Background

Special Examination Arrangements may be approved to meet the needs of students who have disabilities, illnesses or other circumstances that would affect their ability to access a VCE external assessment.

The VCAA recognises that some students with a disability, as defined in the Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (Cwlth), or illness may require Special Examination Arrangements to enable them to access the examination/test questions and communicate their responses in a timed external assessment.

In designing and approving SEAs, the VCAA is mindful of the need to balance the competing demands of providing students with the opportunity to perform at their optimum with the need to preserve the academic integrity of the assessment process.

The VCAA considers each application for SEAs on the basis of the independent medical and/or educational assessments, any history of school-based Special Provision and recommendations provided with the application, and the VCAA's own assessment.

The fact that a student has a disability and/or illness does not automatically entitle them to SEAs.

The prime consideration is the impact of that disability and/or illness on the student's capacity to undertake the external assessments and, if necessary, what reasonable adjustments can be made to enable the student to complete the external assessments on the same basis as students who do not have a disability and/or illness.

SEAs are available for VCE external assessments and the General Achievement Test (GAT), although only a small number are attributed to the GAT.

Eligibility for Special Examination Arrangements

Students are eligible for SEAs if it can be demonstrated that their capacity to access a VCE external assessment is impaired due to:

- severe health impairment
- significant physical disability
- hearing impairment
- vision impairment
- specific learning disorder (presented in this report as learning disability)
- severe language disorder.

Types of Special Examination Arrangements

Special Examination Arrangements may take the form of:

- extra working time (extra reading and/or writing time) not exceeding 10 minutes per hour and to be used in addition to the 'scheduled writing time' of the VCE external assessment. In specific or exceptional circumstances, the VCAA may approve 'extra working time' in excess of 10 minutes per hour.
- rest breaks not exceeding 10 minutes per hour of the 'total examination writing time' (is the scheduled writing time plus any 'extra working time' approved for the VCE external assessment). In exceptional circumstances, the VCAA may approve 'unlimited rest breaks' to facilitate management of a significant medical or physical condition. Students may decide how to manage their allocation, and decide when and how long each break will be, with the supervisor noting the start and end times on the Special Examination Arrangements Rest Break Log Sheet. The rest break allocation displayed on the VASS Special Examination Arrangements Advice Slip should not be exceeded. Students must be offered the full allocation of writing time in addition to the time taken for rest breaks.
- alternative format examination papers such as enlarged print, electronic text and Braille (students with vision impairment may be eligible to apply for an exemption from the GAT because Braille and some other alternative format papers are not available for that external assessment).
- permission to use technological aids such as a computer or Microlink for a student with hearing impairment.
- a reader and/or a scribe.
- a clarifier, if the student has hearing impairment or severe language disorder.
- an alternative examination venue, such as a separate room, a home or a hospital.

Section 3: Special Examination Arrangements Statistics

This section provides information on the number of students that applied for Special Examination Arrangements (SEAs) and the number that were approved, as well as a breakdown on categories for SEAs. The statistics for SEAs exclude students with three examinations timetabled on one day. Information on sector is based on the student's home school or home provider.

Number of Student Applications and Approvals

The overall number of students that applied for SEAs has been steadily increasing (see Table 1). In 2014, there were 3,724 students that applied for SEAs, an increase of 35.9% from 2,741 in 2009. From 2011, there have been large increases across the three major sectors, that is, the Catholic, government and independent sectors.

The overall number of students with approved SEAs has been steadily increasing (see Table 1). In 2014, there were 3,596 students with approved SEAs, an increase of 42.5% from 2,523 in 2009. From 2012, there have been large increases across the three major sectors, that is, the Catholic, government and independent sectors.

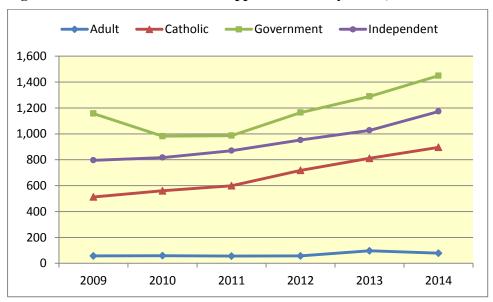


Figure 1: Number of students with approved SEAs by sector, 2009–2014

Note: Other Providers not included

Percentage of Student Approvals

A high proportion of SEA applications was approved (see Table 1). The overall proportion of applications approved has been steadily increasing. In 2014, the overall proportion of applications approved was 96.6%, an increase of 4.6 percentage points from 2009. The proportion of applications approved is similar in the Catholic and government sectors, with applications approved slightly lower in the independent sector. Although the adult sector has a high proportion of applications approved, the number of students applying is much smaller than the other sectors.

Adult Catholic Government Independent

100%

95%

90%

85%

2009

2010

2011

2012

2013

2014

Figure 2: Percentage of students with applications approved by sector, 2009–2014

Note: Other Providers not included

Table 1: Number of student applications and approvals by sector, 2009–2014

	N	Number of Student Applications							of Stud	dent Ap	provals		Percentage Approved					
SECTOR	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult	58	60	57	58	98	79	57	59	56	57	97	78	98.3%	98.3%	98.2%	98.3%	99.0%	98.7%
Catholic	551	592	637	762	834	920	513	560	599	718	811	896	93.1%	94.6%	94.0%	94.2%	97.2%	97.4%
Government	1,231	1,041	1,056	1,241	1,342	1,496	1,157	982	986	1,164	1,289	1,449	94.0%	94.3%	93.4%	93.8%	96.1%	96.9%
Independent	901	915	954	1,028	1,089	1,229	796	817	870	952	1,027	1,173	88.3%	89.3%	91.2%	92.6%	94.3%	95.4%
Other Providers	0	0	0	0	1	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	100.0%	N/A
Total	2,741	2,608	2,704	3,089	3,364	3,724	2,523	2,418	2,511	2,891	3,225	3,596	92.0%	92.7%	92.9%	93.6%	95.9%	96.6%

Breakdown on Special Provision Categories for SEA Applications

The most common categories of approved SEAs are Significant Health Impairment followed by Emergency Application. The proportion of approved SEAs for Significant Health Impairment has grown from 36% in 2009 to 58% in 2014. Of the approved SEAs, 25% were accounted for by Emergency Applications in 2014.

Table 2: Number and percentage by category of approved SEAs, 2009–2014

CATEGORY	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Emergency Application	823	775	826	837	795	890
Hearing Impaired	56	41	67	43	57	46
Learning Disability	243	251	263	290	368	361
Severe Language Disorder	30	18	6	7	9	25
Significant Health Impairment	920	1,211	1,244	1,590	1,865	2,100
Significant Physical Disability	84	66	53	64	62	112
Visually Impaired	38	54	52	60	69	62
Bushfires 2009	329	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other	0	2	0	0	0	0
Total	2,523	2,418	2,511	2,891	3,225	3,596
		Percentage	e by catego	ory of appro	oved SEAs	
Emergency Application	33%	32%	33%	29%	25%	25%
Hearing Impaired	2%	2%	3%	1%	2%	1%
Learning Disability	10%	10%	10%	10%	11%	10%
Severe Language Disorder	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%
Significant Health Impairment	36%	50%	50%	55%	58%	58%
Significant Physical Disability	3%	3%	2%	2%	2%	3%
Visually Impaired	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Bushfires 2009	13%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Section 4: Overview of the Derived Examination Score (DES) Application Process

This section provides background information on the Derived Examination Score (DES) application process.

Background

Students who are ill or affected by other personal circumstances at the time of a VCE external assessment and whose result is unlikely to be a fair or accurate indication of their learning or achievement in the study may apply for a DES.

The purpose of a DES is to ensure that a student's final result on an external assessment reflects as accurately as possible the level of achievement that would be expected based on the learning and achievement the student has demonstrated in the study over the year. The DES is designed for students who have completed the course leading to the external assessment but perform below expectations or cannot attend due to adverse circumstances.

Eligibility for a Derived Examination Score

Students are only eligible for a DES for a VCE external assessment if they meet all of the following criteria:

- 1. They have completed the course of study leading to the external assessment, and have a result for at least one other graded assessment in the same study.
- 2. They experience the onset of an illness or the occurrence of an injury, personal trauma or serious intervening event in the period before or during a VCE external assessment, that has either prevented them from attending the external assessment or affected their performance during the external assessment.
- 3. They provide independent professional written evidence that demonstrates the illness, injury, personal trauma or serious intervening event has affected their performance in the external assessment or has prevented them from attending the external assessment.

A 'personal trauma' may include, but is not limited to, the death or serious illness of a family member, an accident involving a family member, or a family break-up.

A 'serious intervening event' may include, but is not limited to, an accident on the way to or at an external assessment, attendance at a funeral of a family member or other person of close relationship, or the required attendance at a court proceeding.

DES versus Achieved External Assessment Score

For each approved application for a specific external assessment, the VCAA will:

- calculate a range of possible DES scores, which will be calculated statistically from the student's other assessments, including:
- moderated School-based Assessments
- GAT component scores
- other external assessment if applicable
- indicative grades provided by the school
- record the DES as the final score if the DES is greater than the achieved external assessment score
- use this final score to determine the grade for the external assessment.

Therefore for approved applications, the student will receive the score from either the DES or external assessment which is most favourable. For the purpose of this report if the score is the result of the DES, the DES will be considered as "used".

Section 5: Derived Examination Score Statistics

This section provides information on student applications and applications approved for a Derived Examination Score (DES). For approved applications, information is also provided for when the DES was used. The statistics for DES are based on individual applications and exclude students with three examinations timetabled on one day and examination irregularities. Information on sector is based on the student's home school or home provider.

Number of Applications, Approvals and DES Used

There was a peak in the number of applications for a DES of 4,856 in 2010, however after 2011 the number of applications has started to decline. In 2014, there were 3,717 applications for a DES (see Table 3). From 2013, there has been a large decline in the number of applications. This is most likely due to the discontinuation of the June VCE examinations. This has also affected the subsequent percentages where the DES has been approved and used.

The number of applications approved for a DES has remained relatively stable from 2009–2012. In 2014, there were 2,782 approvals for a DES.

For approved applications, the number where the DES was used has remained relatively stable from 2009–2012. In 2014, from the 2,782 applications that were approved, the DES was used in 2,063 of these.

Percentage of Approvals and DES Used

From 2009–2014, the overall proportion of applications approved for a DES has fluctuated. (see Table 4). In 2014, there were 74.8% applications approved.

For approved applications, the proportion where the DES was used has remained fairly stable with a slight increase in 2014. In 2014, the DES was used in 74.2% of approved applications. For the remaining 25.8% of approved applications, the student achieved a score in the final external assessment that was greater than predicted with the DES.

Although there has been some fluctuation in approved applications in the Catholic, government and independent sectors, the proportion where the DES was used has remained fairly stable, except for in 2014 where there was a slight increase in the government and independent sectors.

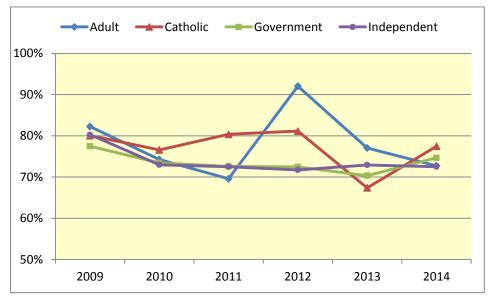
Table 3: Number of applications, approvals and DES used by sector, 2009–2014

		Number of Applications							nber of	Approv	/als		Number of DES Used					
SECTOR	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Adult	62	66	69	88	61	33	51	49	48	81	47	24	42	39	34	65	39	16
Catholic	1,233	1,166	1,171	1,087	1,002	1,048	987	893	941	882	675	812	694	621	667	623	483	571
Government	2,078	2,284	2,192	2,132	1,796	1,618	1,610	1,677	1,591	1,545	1,263	1,208	1,185	1,230	1,183	1,149	936	929
Independent	1,210	1,339	1,275	1,379	1,097	1,018	971	977	924	989	800	738	672	665	641	666	547	547
Other Providers	1	1	9	18	N/A	N/A	1	1	9	18	N/A	N/A	1	1	9	10	N/A	N/A
Total	4,584	4,856	4,716	4,704	3,956	3,717	3,620	3,597	3,513	3,515	2,785	2,782	2,594	2,556	2,534	2,513	2,005	2,063

Table 4: Percentage of approvals and DES used by sector, 2009–2014

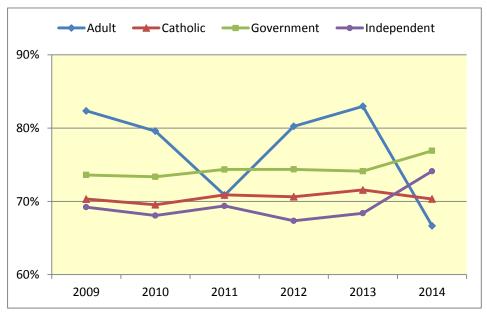
		Per	centage o	of Approv	/als	Of the Approvals the percentage where DES Used							
SECTOR	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
Adult	82.3%	74.2%	69.6%	92.0%	77.0%	72.7%	82.4%	79.6%	70.8%	80.2%	83.0%	66.7%	
Catholic	80.0%	76.6%	80.4%	81.1%	67.4%	77.5%	70.3%	69.5%	70.9%	70.6%	71.6%	70.3%	
Government	77.5%	73.4%	72.6%	72.5%	70.3%	74.7%	73.6%	73.3%	74.4%	74.4%	74.1%	76.9%	
Independent	80.2%	73.0%	72.5%	71.7%	72.9%	72.5%	69.2%	68.1%	69.4%	67.3%	68.4%	74.1%	
Other Providers	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	N/A	N/A	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	55.6%	N/A	N/A	
Total	79.0%	74.1%	74.5%	74.7%	70.4%	74.8%	71.7%	71.1%	72.1%	71.5%	72.0%	74.2%	

Figure 3: Percentage of approvals by sector, 2009–2014



Note: Other Providers not included

Figure 4: Percentage of DES used by sector, 2009–2014



Note: Other Providers not included

Number of Student Applications and Approvals

Overall, there has been a decline in the number of students with one or more DES applications. In 2014, there were 1,434 student applications.

Some students are applying for a DES for more than one examination in a calendar year. Although students are applying for several examinations, they may not have all of these approved.

Table 5: Number of students with at least one DES application and approvals by sector, 2009–2014

	Nu	mber o	f Stude	ent Ap	plicatio	Number of Student Approvals							
SECTOR	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
Adult	40	33	33	32	26	17	31	26	23	27	20	12	
Catholic	514	449	436	406	364	359	444	393	366	355	286	303	
Government	903	879	849	866	641	647	770	745	673	695	502	517	
Independent	509	564	515	529	442	411	440	474	407	425	346	322	
Other Providers	1	1	2	6	N/A	N/A	1	1	2	6	N/A	N/A	
Total	1,967	1,926	1,835	1,839	1,473	1,434	1,686	1,639	1,471	1,508	1,154	1,154	

Breakdown on DES Categories

The most common categories of applications for a DES are acute illness/circumstances and chronic illness/circumstances, which combined accounted for 71.6% of all applications in 2014 (see Table 7).

The highest proportion of approved applications is in the death category (see Table 9). All applications specifically related to the death of a family member or close friend that met the eligibility criteria were approved. Although there were some applications in the death category that were not approved, these applications did not meet the eligibility criteria.

In 2014, for approved applications, the highest proportion of approvals where the DES was used was in the psychological and chronic illness/circumstances categories (see Table 9). There were 81.8% approved applications where the DES was used in the psychological category and 81.0% in the chronic illness/circumstances category.

Table 6: Description of DES Categories

CATEGORY	DESCRIPTION
Acute illness/circumstances	First onset or flare-up of illness, flus, colds, headaches, migraines, hospitalisation during exams, etc
Chronic illness/circumstances	Illness diagnosed longer than a month, family breakdown, homeless
Death ¹	Family member/close friend before or during exams
Family	Illness/trauma of family/close friend
Psychological	Newly diagnosed psychological illnesses
Other	Exam irregularities, fire, flood, etc

¹ Each case is assessed individually

Table 7: Number and percentage of DES applications by category, 2009–2014

			Applic	ations		
CATEGORY	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Acute illness/circumstances	2,578	2,607	2,279	2,477	1,917	1,813
Chronic illness/circumstances	572	667	691	977	817	849
Death	667	926	1,149	724	660	665
Family	505	516	437	414	490	335
Psychological	191	128	126	96	61	31
Other	71	12	34	16	11	24
Total	4,584	4,856	4,716	4,704	3,956	3,717
	ı	Percentage	of DES ap	plications b	y category	•
Acute illness/circumstances	56.2%	53.7%	48.3%	52.7%	48.5%	48.8%
Chronic illness/circumstances	12.5%	13.7%	14.7%	20.8%	20.7%	22.8%
Death	14.6%	19.1%	24.4%	15.4%	16.7%	17.9%
Family	11.0%	10.6%	9.3%	8.8%	12.4%	9.0%
Psychological	4.2%	2.6%	2.7%	2.0%	1.5%	0.8%
Other	1.5%	0.2%	0.7%	0.3%	0.3%	0.6%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Table 8: Number of applications, approvals and DES used by category, 2009–2014

		Num	ber of A	Applica	tions			Nun	nber of	Appro	vals		Number of DES Used					
CATEGORY	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Acute																		
illness/circumstances	2,578	2,607	2,279	2,477	1,917	1,813	2,039	1,915	1,612	1,813	1,307	1,313	1,495	1,383	1,157	1,322	974	995
Chronic																		
illness/circumstances	572	667	691	977	817	849	330	361	386	595	438	542	252	288	304	444	340	439
Death	667	926	1,149	724	660	665	640	832	1,059	693	592	628	429	570	773	473	406	431
Family	505	516	437	414	490	335	422	400	346	337	403	255	271	248	219	219	253	166
Psychological	191	128	126	96	61	31	122	84	85	63	36	22	97	64	58	44	26	18
Other	71	12	34	16	11	24	67	5	25	14	9	22	50	3	23	11	6	14
Total	4,584	4,856	4,716	4,704	3,956	3,717	3,620	3,597	3,513	3,515	2,785	2,782	2,594	2,556	2,534	2,513	2,005	2,063

Table 9: Percentage of approvals and DES used by category, 2009–2014

		Pe	ercentage	Approval	ls		Of the Approvals the percentage where DES Used							
CATEGORY	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014		
Acute														
illness/circumstances	79.1%	73.5%	70.7%	73.2%	68.2%	72.4%	73.3%	72.2%	71.8%	72.9%	74.5%	75.8%		
Chronic														
illness/circumstances	57.7%	54.1%	55.9%	60.9%	53.6%	63.8%	76.4%	79.8%	78.8%	74.6%	77.6%	81.0%		
Death	96.0%	89.8%	92.2%	95.7%	89.7%	94.4%	67.0%	68.5%	73.0%	68.3%	68.6%	68.6%		
Family	83.6%	77.5%	79.2%	81.4%	82.2%	76.1%	64.2%	62.0%	63.3%	65.0%	62.8%	65.1%		
Psychological	63.9%	65.6%	67.5%	65.6%	59.0%	71.0%	79.5%	76.2%	68.2%	69.8%	72.2%	81.8%		
Other	94.4%	41.7%	73.5%	87.5%	81.8%	91.7%	74.6%	60.0%	92.0%	78.6%	66.7%	63.6%		
Total	79.0%	74.1%	74.5%	74.7%	70.4%	74.8%	71.7%	71.1%	72.1%	71.5%	72.0%	74.2%		